Reducing pMDI Risks with an Electronic Monitor

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Background

pMDIs are the most common inhalers but are prone to welldocumented user errors¹.

Objective

To test if the Smart Rescue electronic pMDI monitor mitigates pMDI risks.

Methods

25 CYP with asthma were given Smart Rescue devices and 21were successfully surveyed before use and after 3-6 months of use to evaluate usability, accessibility and utility.

Conclusions

At enrolment, children and young people with asthma and their parents were unable to accurately determine how many doses of medicine were left in their reliever pMDIs.

Patients participating in this pilot study found the Smart Rescue pMDI monitor convenient and easy to use and were able to access information about puffs taken and puffs remaining.

The usability and the benefits warrant health economic testing on a larger-scale rollout. Participants had less interest than expected in educational content and self-monitoring inhaler usage. A larger study over a longer period would be required to understand this.

Since patients rate the functionality of the system highly, integrating educational content may encourage patients to access this.

References

1. Usmani, O.S., Lavorini, F., Marshall, J. et al. Critical inhaler errors in asthma and COPD: a systematic review of impact on health outcomes. Respir Res 19,10 (2018)

Results

We enrolled 25 patients, 21 provided us with feedback (on graphs below).

DID PATIENTS KNOW? pMDI challenges and risks

Need to shake and

prime

Need to wait 30 seconds

between puffs

All pMDI SABA and some preventer

pMDIs have no dose counter

Do you know how many doses it has when full?

Patients are prone to discard half-

full inhalers - resulting in wastage

adding to the carbon footprint

Estimated vs real puffs remaining

40% 60% 80%

Patients may inhale pure

propellant from pMDIs that have

run out of drug

Patients can overuse

SABA

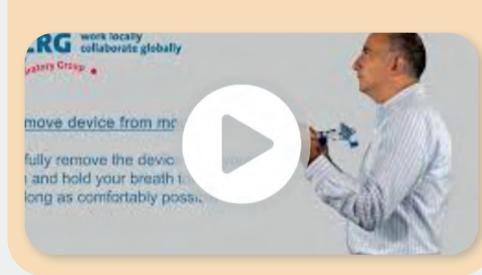
Patients and prescribers

get no feedback on

ELECTRONIC PMDI MONITOR

Features of the Smart Rescue pMDI monitor

Technique video for every UK pMDI teaching shake and prime

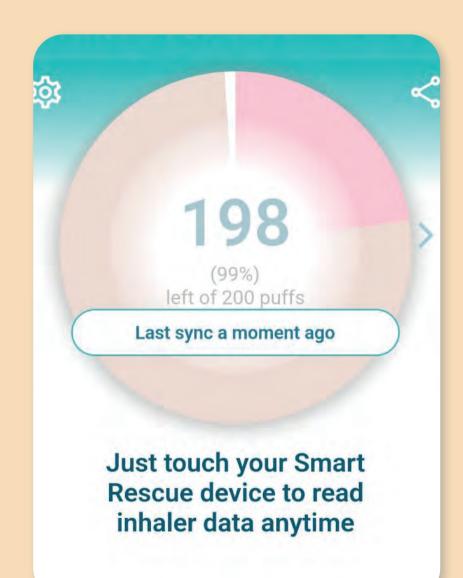


Warning on puffs taken without a 30 seconds gap between

You have not been waiting 30-60 seconds before taking a repeat puff. A quick recap on how to take your inhaler.

Clear count of the puffs

remaining in the pMDI



Warning on low remaining doses

Alarm on taking puffs beyond the manufacturer-guaranteed amount

Clear indication of daily doses taken

Took 2 puff(s) today Last puff at 16:52

Warning on SABA overuse

You need your reliever quite often. Please contact your doctor or nurse because your asthma might be out of control.



Chart of doses taken in last 90 days

Reminders to take preventer doses **Educational video**

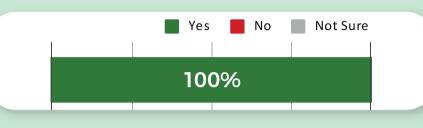


on the significance of reliever and preventer inhalers

DO PATIENTS KNOW?

pMDI risk mitigation achieved by **Smart Rescue**

> Do you remember to shake and prime your inhaler before use?



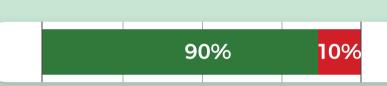
watch inhaler technique videos on the app?



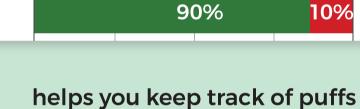
Do you wait 30 seconds between puffs?



Do you feel the dose counter system is easy to use?



gives a clear indication of remaining puffs?



taken?

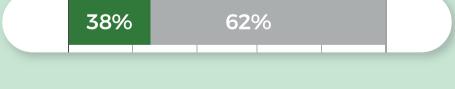


helps you know your inhaler is empty?



Do you find the Smart Rescue

alert to an empty inhaler useful?



Have you been warned about using too many blue inhaler puffs?



Do you check how many doses you have taken in recent days and weeks?



Have you watched the video

explaining about reliever and preventer inhalers?

14% 86%

inhaler use

Preventer inhalers are often underused